PROJECT:

# Oregon Convention Center 

Chiller Plant Redesign
777 NE Martin Luther King Jr Blvd Portland, OR 97232

MFIA, Inc Consulting Engineers
2007 SE Ash St
Portland, OR 97214


James G. Pierson, Inc.
Consulting Structural Engineers
610 S.W. ALDER SUITE 918 PORTLAND, OR. 97205
(503) 226-1286 FAX 226-3130

## Structural Narrative

The four large cooling towers on the lower roof at the east side of the Oregon Convention Center are being replaced with a newer Chiller units that are both smaller and lighter in weight than the existing cooling towers and it will be located in the same area. The existing framing and cooling towers were part of the 1990 construction.

## Summary:

The lateral support requirements of the HVAC units can be resisted by the existing beams and posts with a new frame added to these existing posts (frame sized for the smaller unit dimensions). The new cooling tower CT-1 weights $9,500 \mathrm{lbs}$ compared to $14,000 \mathrm{lbs}$ for the old one and the new CT-2, 3, 4 weighs $24,700 \mathrm{lbs}$ compared to $26,000 \mathrm{lbs}$ for the existing units.

The vertical load of the new Cooling Tower is resisted by the existing concrete curb walls on the roof. The curbs act as concrete beams spanning between steel beams that create the roof of the mechanical area. The existing steel beams at the top of the curb will remain with new steel curb located on top of it sized for the footprint of the new, smaller units. Lateral loads are transmitted the exact same as before, just lighter units.


Consulting Structural Engineers

| Project | OCC Chillers |
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| Tob no. |  |
| Location | Portland, OR |
| Date |  |
| Client | $4 / 13 / 18$ |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Location <br> Portland, OR | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline \text { Date } \\ 4 / 13 / 18 \end{array}$ |
|  | ${ }^{\text {client }} \text { MFIA }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sheet no. } \\ & \text { Page } 4 \text { of } 21 \end{aligned}$ |

## Seismic Design Forces on Mechanical Units

Task: Determine the lateral forces (seismic) and required connections for HVAC equipment installed onto a floor or roof of a structure. The vertical adequacy of the structure for the weight of the equipment and other dead and live loads is beyond the scope of this section of the analysis and is by others unless specifically noted herein.

References: 2012 IBC (2014 OSSC) Section 1613.1
ASCE 7-10 Section 13.6 for mechanical components and systems

## Criteria:

Seismic Design Category D, Component Importance Factor
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}=1.00$
Latitude $=45.528$
Longitude $=-\mathbf{1 2 2 . 6 6 2}$
Site class D
Risk Category III
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=\mathbf{9 5 0 0} \mathrm{lb}$
h = 204 in
w $=84$ in
$\mathrm{l}=168$ in
$\mathbf{W}_{\text {curb }}=1000 \mathrm{lb}$
$h_{\text {curb }}=48$ in
Mapped acceleration parameters (Section 11.4.1)
at short period $\quad \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{s}}=0.976$
at 1 sec period $\quad \mathrm{S}_{1}=0.418$

Site coefficient at short period (Table 11.4-1)
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}=1.110$
at 1 sec period (Table 11.4-2)
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}=1.582$

## Spectral response acceleration parameters

at short period (Eq. 11.4-1)
$S_{\text {ms }}=F_{a} \times S_{s}=1.083$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-2)
$S_{M 1}=F_{V} \times S_{1}=0.661$


For information on how the SS and S1 values above have been calculated from probabilistic (risk-targeted) and deterministic ground motions in the direction of maximum horizontal response, please return to the application and select the "2009 NEHRP" building code reference document.


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Design spectral acceleration parameters (Sect 11.4.4)
Source: http://geohazards.usgs.gov/designmaps/us/application.php
at short period (Eq. 11.4-3) $\quad \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{ms}}=\mathbf{0 . 7 2 2}$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-4) $\quad \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{D} 1}=2 / 3 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{M} 1}=0.441$

| Project | OCC CHILLERS - CT-1 | Job no. |
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## Application of OSSC and ASCE 7-10 Requirements:

Section 13.3 Attachments for floor or roof mounted equipment greater than 400 lbs in weight need to be designed for seismic forces

Section 13.3-1 - Design for Total Lateral Force
Total design lateral force $\quad F_{p}=\frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}}\left(1+3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p}$
Eq. 13.3-1
Except that: $\quad F_{p}>0.7 C_{a} I_{p} W_{p}$ and $F_{p} \leq 4 C_{a} I_{p} W_{p}$

Table 13.6-1 - Horizontal Force Factors, $a_{p}$ and $R_{p}$
Electrical, mechanical and plumbing equipment and associated conduit and ductwork and piping. - $\mathbf{a}_{\mathrm{p}}=1.0$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{p}}=2.5$

Unit on flat roof above mechanical room so $h_{\mathbf{x}}=\mathbf{1 6} \mathbf{f t} \mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{r}}=\mathbf{1 6} \mathbf{f t}$

Load Combinations - Members and the connection design shall use the load combinations and factors specified in Section 2.3.2. The reliability/redundancy factor may be taken as 1.0 and Fp is substituted for Qe .

## Design Lateral Force:

$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=\mathbf{0 . 4} * \mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{p}} * \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} *\left(1+2 * \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{x}} / \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}} \quad \quad \mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=3292.228 \mathrm{lbs}$ Eq. 13.3-1
Fp need not exceed $\mathrm{Fp}_{1}=1.6 * \mathrm{SDS}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}}=10974.092 \mathrm{lbs}$ Eq. 13.3-2
Fp shall not be less than $\mathrm{Fp}_{2}=0.3 * \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}}=2057.642 \mathrm{lbs} \quad$ Eq. 13.3-3

The design is controlled by $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=3292.228 \mathrm{lbs}$

$$
\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p c u r b}}=\mathbf{0 . 4} * \mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{p}} * \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} *\left(1+2 * \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{x}} / \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) * \mathrm{~W}_{\text {curb }} \quad \mathbf{F}_{\text {pcurb }}=346.550 \text { lbs Eq. 13.3-1 }
$$

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|  | ${ }^{\text {cilient }}$ | MFIA Inc, Consulting Engineers |  |

## Overturning:

Overturning will be controlled by Equation 2.3.2-7 of the Basic Load Combinations for Strength Design which is:

$$
0.9 \mathbf{D}+\mathbf{E}
$$

In this equation, according to ASCE 7 the value of E shall include

$$
\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{pQe}-0.2 \mathrm{Sds} \mathrm{D}=1.0 \mathrm{Qe}-\left[0.2 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \times \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}\right]=\mathbf{Q e}-0.144 \mathbf{D}
$$

## Therefore, when substituting Qe Equation 16-18 becomes $\quad 0.756$ D + E

Assume Center of gravity of unit and curb is located at center of height. The following forces apply to allowable stress stability calculations using Equation 16-18 as modified for Qe

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Unit Mass }=-0.756 \underline{\mathbf{D}}=7178.239 \mathrm{lbs} \\
& \mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=3292.228 \mathrm{lbs}
\end{aligned}
$$



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```
Compute Stability about bottom of curb
h = 204.000 in
h/2=102.000 in
hcurb}=48.000 i
w}=84.000 i
w/2 = 42.000 in
```

Overturning_Moment $=\mathrm{Fp}_{\mathrm{p}} \times \mathrm{h} / 2+\mathrm{h}$ curb ) $=493834.138 \mathrm{lbs}$ in Curb Overturning_Momentc $=\mathrm{F}_{\text {pcurb }} \times \mathrm{h}_{\text {curb }}=16634.413 \mathrm{lbs}$ in

Total Overturning Moment $=\mathbf{=} 510468.551 \mathrm{lbs}$ in
Restoring_Moment $=\quad($ UnitMass + UnitMassc $) \times w / 2=333221.388$
lbs_in

Safety Factor Against Overturning =Restoring_Moment / TM $=\mathbf{0 . 6 5 3}$

From this calculation, it is demonstrated that there is some overturning and will need the benefit of hold down anchors. Need to anchor unit for sliding forces also.

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JOB NAME Oregon Convention Center
CUSTOMER MFIA Engineering
CUSTOMER P.O.
MASON M.I.
DWG. NO.

SLRSO 2" DEFLECTION
B, B2, C2, 2-C2 \& 4-C2 SERIES SPRING MOUNTS


| 50\% Travel to Solid |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLRSO | Capacity | Defl. | SLRSO | Capacity (lbs) | Defl. |
| B2-450 | 411 | 1.83 | 2-C2-2420 | 02020 | 1.67 |
| B2-680 | 565 | 1.66 | 2-C2-3080 | 02570 | 1.67 |
| C2-880 | 800 | 1.82 | 2-C2-3740 | 03120 | 1.67 |
| C2-1210 | 1010 | 1.67 | 4-C2-4840 | 04040 | 1.67 |
| C2-1540 | 1285 | 1.67 | 4-C2-6160 | 05145 | 1.67 |
| C2-1870 | 1560 | 1.67 | 4-C2-7480 | 06245 | 1.67 |
| 2-C2-1760 | 01600 | 1.82 |  |  |  |

SPRING DATA

| Size | Spring <br> (in) | Free Ht. <br> (in) | Ratio <br> Kx/Ky | Ratio <br> OD/OH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | $23 / 8$ | 4 | $0.55-0.65$ | $0.95-1.00$ |
| B2 | $23 / 8$ | $41 / 2$ | $0.80-0.90$ | $1.19-1.48$ |
| C2 | $27 / 8$ | 5 | $0.63-0.85$ | $0.96-1.15$ |

\#Published ratings allow minimum $25 \%$ additional travel to solid. For $50 \%$ minimum specified use the ratings shown above. All springs without "\#" have additional travel to solid equal to $50 \%$ of the rated deflection.

## TYPE SLRSO RATINGS

| Size | Rated Capacity (b) | Rated Defl. (in) | Spring Constant (lb/in) | Max. Horiz. Housing G Rating | Spring Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLRSO-B-20 | 20 | 2.40 | 8 | 70.0 | Tan |
| SLRSO-B-26 | 26 | 2.18 | 12 | 53.9 | Wht/Blue |
| SLRSO-B-35 | 35 | 2.20 | 16 | 40.0 | Purple |
| SLRSO-B-50 | 50 | 2.20 | 24 | 28.0 | Wht/Red |
| SLRSO-B-65 | 65 | 2.10 | 31 | 21.6 | Brown |
| SLRSO-B-85 | 85 | 2.10 | 40 | 16.5 | Wht/Blk |
| SLRSO-B-115 | 115 | 2.00 | 57 | 12.2 | Silver |
| SLRSO-B-150 | 150 | 2.00 | 75 | 9.3 | Orange |
| SLRSO-B2-210 | 210 | 2.12 | 99 | 6.8 | Silver |
| SLRSO-B2-290 | 290 | 2.00 | 144 | 4.9 | Blue |
| SLRSO-B2-450\# | 450 | 2.00 | 224 | 3.2 | Tan |
| SLRSO-B2-680\# | 680 | 2.00 | 340 | 2.1 | Gray |
| SLRSO-C2-125 | 125 | 2.50 | 50 | 35.2 | Purple |
| SLRSO-C2-170 | 170 | 2.40 | 70 | 25.9 | Brown |
| SLRSO-C2-210 | 210 | 2.30 | 90 | 21.0 | Red |
| SLRSO-C2-260 | 260 | 2.20 | 120 | 16.9 | White |
| SLRSO-C2-330 | 330 | 2.00 | 165 | 13.3 | Black |
| SLRSO-C2-460 | 460 | 2.00 | 230 | 9.6 | Blue |
| SLRSO-C2-610 | 610 | 2.00 | 305 | 7.2 | Green |
| SLRSO-C2-880\# | 880 | 2.00 | 440 | 5.0 | Gray |
| SLRSO-C2-1210\# | 1210 | 2.00 | 605 | 3.6 | Silver |
| SLRSO-C2-1540\# | 1540 | 2.00 | 770 | 2.9 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-C2-1870\# | 1870 | 2.00 | 935 | 2.4 | Silver* |
| SLRSO-2-C2-340 | 340 | 2.40 | 140 | 17.7 | Brown |
| SLRSO-2-C2-420 | 420 | 2.30 | 180 | 14.3 | Red |
| SLRSO-2-C2-520 | 520 | 2.20 | 240 | 11.6 | White |
| SLRSO-2-C2-660 | 660 | 2.00 | 330 | 9.1 | Black |
| SLRSO-2-C2-920 | 920 | 2.00 | 460 | 6.5 | Blue |
| SLRSO-2-C2-1220 | 1220 | 2.00 | 610 | 4.9 | Green |
| SLRSO-2-C2-1760\# | \# 1760 | 2.00 | 880 | 3.4 | Gray |
| SLRSO-2-C2-2420\# | \# 2420 | 2.00 | 1210 | 2.5 | Silver |
| SLRSO-2-C2-3080\# | \# 3080 | 2.00 | 1540 | 1.9 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-2-C2-3740\# | \# 3740 | 2.00 | 1870 | 1.6 | Silver* |
| SLRSO-4-C2-4840\# | \# 4840 | 2.00 | 2420 | 2.2 | Silver |
| SLRSO-4-C2-6160\# | \# 6160 | 2.00 | 3080 | 1.7 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-4-C2-7480\# | \# 7480 | 2.00 | 3740 | 1.4 | Silver* |

TYPE SLRSO DIMENSIONS (inches)

* with RED inner spring

| Size | L | W | H | T | MBD | HCW | HCL | D | E |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLRSO-B, B2 | 8 | $1 / 2$ | 4 | $1 / 4$ | 8 | $3 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $5 / 8$ | 2 | $3 / 4$ |

Illustration shows SLRSO-B housing which contains one (1) B or B2 spring. Not shown is SLRSO-1 housing which contains one (1) C2 spring, SLRSO-2 housing which contains two (2) C2 springs and SLRSO-4 which contains four (4) C2 springs.
Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom.


## Seismic Design Forces on Mechanical Units

Task: Determine the lateral forces (seismic) and required connections for HVAC equipment installed onto a floor or roof of a structure. The vertical adequacy of the structure for the weight of the equipment and other dead and live loads is beyond the scope of this section of the analysis and is by others unless specifically noted herein.

References: 2012 IBC (2014 OSSC) Section 1613.1
ASCE 7-10 Section 13.6 for mechanical components and systems

## Criteria:

Seismic Design Category D, Component Importance Factor
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}=1.00$
Latitude $=45.528$
Longitude $=-122.662$
Site class D
Risk Category III
$\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}=24700 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{h}=204 \mathrm{in}$
w $=144$ in
$\mathrm{l}=306$ in
$\mathbf{W}_{\text {curb }}=1000 \mathrm{lb}$
$h_{\text {curb }}=48$ in
Mapped acceleration parameters (Section 11.4.1)
at short period $\quad \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{s}}=0.976$
at 1 sec period $\quad S_{1}=0.418$

Site coefficient at short period (Table 11.4-1)
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}=1.110$
at 1 sec period (Table 11.4-2)
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{v}}=1.582$

Spectral response acceleration parameters
at short period (Eq. 11.4-1)
$S_{m s}=F_{a} \times S_{s}=1.083$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-2)
$S_{M 1}=F_{v} \times S_{1}=0.661$


For information on how the SS and S1 values above have been calculated from probabilistic (risk-targeted) and deterministic ground motions in the direction of maximum horizontal response, please return to the application and select the "2009 NEHRP" building code reference document.



Design spectral acceleration parameters (Sect 11.4.4) ${ }^{\text {gh }}$ shis in information is a product of the U.S. Geological Surver, we provide no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the
Source: http://geohazards.usgs.gov/designmaps/us/application.php
at short period (Eq. 11.4-3) $\quad S_{D S}=2 / 3 \times S_{M S}=0.722$
at 1 sec period (Eq. 11.4-4) $\quad S_{D 1}=2 / 3 \times S_{M 1}=0.441$

Application of OSSC and ASCE 7-10 Requirements:

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| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Location | 777 NE MLK JR BLVD, Portland, OR | Date $5 / 1 / 2018$ |
| Client | MFIA Inc, Consulting Engineers | Sheet no. <br> Page 10 of 21 |

Section 13.3 Attachments for floor or roof mounted equipment greater than 400 lbs in weight need to be designed for seismic forces

Section 13.3-1 - Design for Total Lateral Force
Total design lateral force $\quad F_{p}=\frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}}\left(1+3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p}$
Eq. 13.3-1

Except that: $\quad F_{p}>0.7 C_{a} I_{p} W_{p}$ and $F_{p} \leq 4 C_{a} I_{p} W_{p}$

Table 13.6-1 - Horizontal Force Factors, $a_{p}$ and $R_{p}$
Electrical, mechanical and plumbing equipment and associated conduit and ductwork and piping. - $\mathbf{a}_{\mathrm{p}}=1.0$ and $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{p}}=2.5$

Unit on flat roof above mechanical room so $h_{x}=16 \mathrm{ft} h_{r}=\mathbf{1 6} \mathbf{f t}$

Load Combinations - Members and the connection design shall use the load combinations and factors specified in Section 2.3.2. The reliability/redundancy factor may be taken as 1.0 and Fp is substituted for Qe.

## Design Lateral Force:

$$
\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=\mathbf{0 . 4} * \mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{p}} * \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} *\left(1+2 * \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{x}} / \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}} \quad \quad \mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=8559.792 \text { lbs Eq. 13.3-1 }
$$

Fp need not exceed $\mathrm{Fp}_{1}=1.6 * \mathrm{SDS} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}}=28532.639 \mathrm{lbs}$ Eq. 13.3-2
Fp shall not be less than $\mathrm{Fp}_{2}=0.3 * \mathrm{SDS} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} * \mathrm{~W}_{\mathrm{p}}=5349.870 \mathrm{lbs}$ Eq. 13.3-3

The design is controlled by $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=8559.792 \mathrm{lbs}$

$$
\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p c u r b}}=\mathbf{0 . 4} * \mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{p}} * \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{DS}} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}} / \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{p}} *\left(1+2 * \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{x}} / \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{r}}\right) * \mathrm{~W}_{\text {curb }} \quad \mathbf{F}_{\text {pcurb }}=346.550 \text { lbs Eq. 13.3-1 }
$$

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Location | 777 NE MLK JR BLVD, Portland, OR | Date $\quad 5 / 1 / 2018$ |
|  | Client | MFIA Inc, Consulting Engineers | Sheet no. <br> Page 11 of 21 |

## Overturning:

Overturning will be controlled by Equation 2.3.2-7 of the Basic Load Combinations for Strength Design which is:

$$
0.9 \mathbf{D}+\mathbf{E}
$$

In this equation, according to ASCE 7 the value of E shall include

$$
\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{pQe}-0.2 \mathrm{Sds} \mathrm{D}=1.0 \mathrm{Qe}-\left[0.2 \times \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{DS}} \times \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}}\right]=\mathbf{Q e}-0.144 \mathbf{D}
$$

## Therefore, when substituting Qe Equation 16-18 becomes $\quad \mathbf{0} 0.756 \underline{\text { D + E }}$

Assume Center of gravity of unit and curb is located at center of height. The following forces apply to allowable stress stability calculations using Equation 16-18 as modified for Qe

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Unit Mass }= & \begin{array}{l}
0.756 \mathbf{D} \\
\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{p}}=8559.792 \mathrm{lbs}
\end{array} .18663 .42 \mathrm{lbs}
\end{aligned}
$$



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|  | Client | MFIA Inc, Consulting Engineers | $\text { Page } 12 \text { of } 21$ |

```
Compute Stability about bottom of curb
h = 204.000 in
h/2=102.000 in
hcurb}=48.000 i
w = 144.000 in
w/2 = 72.000 in
```

Overturning_Moment $=\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}} \times \mathrm{h} / 2+\mathrm{h}_{\text {curb }}$ ) $=1283968.758 \mathrm{lbs}$ in Curb Overturning_Momentc $=\mathrm{F}_{\text {pcurb }} \times \mathrm{h}_{\text {curb }}=16634.413 \mathrm{lbs}$ _in

Total Overturning Moment $=\mathbf{=} \mathbf{1 3 0 0 6 0 3 . 1 7 1}$ lbs_in
Restoring_Moment $=\quad($ UnitMass + UnitMassc $) \times$ w/2 $=1398169.740$ lbs_in

Safety Factor Against Overturning =Restoring_Moment/ TM $=\mathbf{1 . 0 7 5}$

From this calculation, it is demonstrated that there is some overturning and will need the benefit of hold down anchors. Need to anchor unit for sliding forces also.

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|  | Location | 777 NE MLK JR BLVD, Portland, OR | Date $5 / 1 / 2018$ |
|  | Client | MFIA Inc, Consulting Engineers | Page 13 of 21 |

Wind Loads on Rooftop Structures and Equipment for buildings with $\mathrm{h}<=60 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{ASCE7}-10$ Sec 29.5.1
Lateral force , $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{h}}=\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{n}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{GC}_{r}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{t}}-29.5-2$

The following table shows the calculation for lateral force and net uplift on roof top equipment along long and short directions :

## Long Direction :

OTM $=\mathrm{F}_{\text {h-long }} \times$ Total Height/2 ; R.M = Total Weight $\times$ Width/2
$\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{lbs})=(\mathrm{O} . \mathrm{T} . \mathrm{M}-0.6$ R.M)/Width

## Short Direction:

$\mathrm{OTM}=\mathrm{F}_{\text {h.ssort }}{ }^{*}$ Total Height/2; RM = Total weight * Length/2
$\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{lbs})=(\mathrm{OTM}-0.6 \mathrm{RM}) /$ length

ASCE7-10,Sec 29.5.1 Windloads for Roof top Structures,h<=60ft

| Unit Tag Component Data | MAU-1 | Building Dimesnions | Wind Parameters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Component Weight, Wp | 24600 | Building Length ,L | 150 | Basic Wind Speed,mph (Sec 26.5) | 120 |
| Curb Weight, $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{c}}$ | 1000 | Building Width. B | 150 | Wind directionality Factor $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{d}}(\operatorname{Sec} 26.6)$ | 0.85 |
| Total Weight, W | 25600 | Building Height, h | 30 | Exposure Category (Sec 26.7) | B |
| Component Height , H | 17 |  |  | Topographic factor $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{zt}}(\mathrm{Sec} 26.8)$ | 1 |
| Component Length, I | 25 |  |  | velocity pressure coefficient $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{z}}(\mathrm{Sec} 29.3 .1)$ | 0.701 |
| Component Width, W | 12 |  |  | velocity pressure $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{z}}$ or $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{h}}$ in psf ( sec 29.3.2) | 21.953 |
| Height of Curb | 1 |  |  |  |  |





JOB NAME Oregon Convention Center
CUSTOMER MFIA Engineering
CUSTOMER P.O.
MASON M.I.
DWG. NO.


| 50\% Travel to Solid |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { SLRSO } \\ \text { Size } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Capacity (lbs) | Defl. (in) | $\begin{gathered} \text { SLRSO } \\ \text { Size } \end{gathered}$ | Capacity (lbs) | Defl. <br> (in) |
| B2-450 | 411 | 1.83 | 2-C2-2420 | 02020 | 1.67 |
| B2-680 | 565 | 1.66 | 2-C2-3080 | 02570 | 1.67 |
| C2-880 | 800 | 1.82 | 2-C2-3740 | 3120 | 1.67 |
| C2-1210 | 1010 | 1.67 | 4-C2-4840 | 04040 | 1.67 |
| C2-1540 | 1285 | 1.67 | 4-C2-6160 | 05145 | 1.67 |
| C2-1870 | 1560 | 1.67 | 4-C2-7480 | 06245 | 1.67 |
| 2-C2-1760 | 01600 | 1.82 |  |  |  |

SPRING DATA

| Size | Spring <br> (in) | Free Ht. <br> (in) | Ratio <br> Kx/Ky | Ratio <br> OD/OH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | $23 / 8$ | 4 | $0.55-0.65$ | $0.95-1.00$ |
| B2 | $23 / 8$ | $41 / 2$ | $0.80-0.90$ | $1.19-1.48$ |
| C2 | $27 / 8$ | 5 | $0.63-0.85$ | $0.96-1.15$ |

\#Published ratings allow minimum $25 \%$ additional travel to solid. For $50 \%$ minimum specified use the ratings shown above. All springs without "\#" have additional travel to solid equal to $50 \%$ of the rated deflection.

TYPE SLRSO RATINGS

| Size | Rated Capacity (lb) | Rated Defl. (in) | Spring Constant (lb/in) | Max. Horiz. Housing G Rating | Spring Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLRSO-B-20 | 20 | 2.40 | 8 | 70.0 | Tan |
| SLRSO-B-26 | 26 | 2.18 | 12 | 53.9 | Wht/Blue |
| SLRSO-B-35 | 35 | 2.20 | 16 | 40.0 | Purple |
| SLRSO-B-50 | 50 | 2.20 | 24 | 28.0 | Wht/Red |
| SLRSO-B-65 | 65 | 2.10 | 31 | 21.6 | Brown |
| SLRSO-B-85 | 85 | 2.10 | 40 | 16.5 | Wht/BIk |
| SLRSO-B-115 | 115 | 2.00 | 57 | 12.2 | Silver |
| SLRSO-B-150 | 150 | 2.00 | 75 | 9.3 | Orange |
| SLRSO-B2-210 | 210 | 2.12 | 99 | 6.8 | Silver |
| SLRSO-B2-290 | 290 | 2.00 | 144 | 4.9 | Blue |
| SLRSO-B2-450\# | 450 | 2.00 | 224 | 3.2 | Tan |
| SLRSO-B2-680\# | 680 | 2.00 | 340 | 2.1 | Gray |
| SLRSO-C2-125 | 125 | 2.50 | 50 | 35.2 | Purple |
| SLRSO-C2-170 | 170 | 2.40 | 70 | 25.9 | Brown |
| SLRSO-C2-210 | 210 | 2.30 | 90 | 21.0 | Red |
| SLRSO-C2-260 | 260 | 2.20 | 120 | 16.9 | White |
| SLRSO-C2-330 | 330 | 2.00 | 165 | 13.3 | Black |
| SLRSO-C2-460 | 460 | 2.00 | 230 | 9.6 | Blue |
| SLRSO-C2-610 | 610 | 2.00 | 305 | 7.2 | Green |
| SLRSO-C2-880\# | 880 | 2.00 | 440 | 5.0 | Gray |
| SLRSO-C2-1210\# | 1210 | 2.00 | 605 | 3.6 | Silver |
| SLRSO-C2-1540\# | 1540 | 2.00 | 770 | 2.9 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-C2-1870\# | 1870 | 2.00 | 935 | 2.4 | Silver* |
| SLRSO-2-C2-340 | 340 | 2.40 | 140 | 17.7 | Brown |
| SLRSO-2-C2-420 | 420 | 2.30 | 180 | 14.3 | Red |
| SLRSO-2-C2-520 | 520 | 2.20 | 240 | 11.6 | White |
| SLRSO-2-C2-660 | 660 | 2.00 | 330 | 9.1 | Black |
| SLRSO-2-C2-920 | 920 | 2.00 | 460 | 6.5 | Blue |
| SLRSO-2-C2-1220 | 1220 | 2.00 | 610 | 4.9 | Green |
| SLRSO-2-C2-1760\# | 1760 | 2.00 | 880 | 3.4 | Gray |
| SLRSO-2-C2-2420\# | 2420 | 2.00 | 1210 | 2.5 | Silver |
| SLRSO-2-C2-3080\# | 3080 | 2.00 | 1540 | 1.9 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-2-C2-3740\# | 3740 | 2.00 | 1870 | 1.6 | Silver* |
| SLRSO-4-C2-4840\# | 4840 | 2.00 | 2420 | 2.2 | Silver |
| SLRSO-4-C2-6160\# | 6160 | 2.00 | 3080 | 1.7 | Gray* |
| SLRSO-4-C2-7480\# | + 7480 | 2.00 | 3740 | 1.4 | Silver* |

* with RED inner spring

TYPE SLRSO DIMENSIONS (inches)

| Size | L | W | H | T | MBD | HCW | HCL | D | E |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLRSO-B, B2 | 8 | $1 / 2$ | 4 | $1 / 4$ | 8 | $3 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $5 / 8$ | $23 / 4$ | 7 |
| SLRSO-C2 | 9 | $1 / 2$ | 5 | $1 / 4$ | 8 | $3 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $5 / 8$ | $31 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ |
|  | $5 / 8$ | $13 / 8$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SLRSO-2-C2 | 14 | 5 | $1 / 4$ | $83 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $5 / 8$ | $31 / 2$ | $121 / 4$ | $5 / 8$ | $13 / 8$ |
| SLRSO-4-C2 | 13 | $3 / 4$ | 8 | 8 | $3 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $3 / 4$ | $61 / 4$ | 11 | $7 / 8$ |

Illustration shows SLRSO-B housing which contains one (1) B or B2 spring. Not shown is SLRSO-1 housing which contains one (1) C2 spring,
SLRSO-2 housing which contains two (2) C2 springs and SLRSO-4 which contains four (4) C2 springs.
Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom.
PLAN VIEW OF MOUNT LOCATIONS
TAG: 8-Fan Cooling Tower
UNIT : Tower Tech TTXL-08



NOTE: ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE OD TO OD OF FOOTPAD. ALL GIVEN DIMENSIONS ARE WITHIN $\pm 1 / 8$ ".




NOTE: ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE OD TO OD OF FOOTPAD.
ALL GIVEN DIMENSIONS ARE WITHIN $\pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.


